

DON'T LOOK.

Very Dangerous, But If Left to Itself is Death.—A Shenandoah Case.

There are some diseases that do not arouse our sympathy—the disease is not deep—and therefore our sympathy is shallow. But we very often make a very serious mistake—such as calling a backache a light affliction. Backache means kidney trouble every time, and if you don't drive it away, it will never go of its own accord, without taking you with it. But it does not continue simply as a backache. Soon the urine becomes affected, either too much of it or too little, and in either case it is expelled only with pain—acute pain. Then comes the sediment stage, which means cutting nearly of course, and sometimes stones like kernels of corn. Then follow Diabetes or Bright's disease. Don't think backache dangerous? We do, but must add just a few words, and they are: Doan's Kidney Pills cure every time, and all stages of kidney disease, but it is always best to keep as far from the danger line as possible, and the cure is easier.

Mr. David Thomas, of 204 Mayberry alley, writes: "I have suffered intensely from my back and kidneys. I was in the hospital for several weeks and when I returned about seven months ago I was suffering from a continuous backache and an acute lameness across my loins. I could hardly get off a chair and it hurt me severely to straighten up if I had been stooping or bending forward. There were pains all through my head especially in the top and back part. I thought they arose from neuralgia, but I am now convinced that my kidneys caused it on getting Doan's Kidney Pills from Kirkin's Pharmacy and using them the lameness in my back and the pains in my head have all disappeared and there has been no return of them since."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

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Primary Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently

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You can be treated at home for same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure.

IF YOU HAVE

taken mercury, iodine, potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this

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WE GUARANTEE TO CURE.

We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we can not cure. It is a disease that has baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians.

\$500.00 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. 100 pages book sent free. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 1744 Masonic Temple, Chicago.

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after a career of nearly twenty years of uninterrupted growth is justified in claiming the standard first established by its founders is the one true test of

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one-cent morning newspaper in the United States, "The Record" still LEADS WHERE OTHERS FOLLOW.

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The Rosy Freshness

And a clear complexion are the most desirable attributes of a woman's face. They are invariably obtained by those who use FOSCO's Complexion Powder.

THE TREATY OF PEACE

Is Now Before the National Senate For Ratification.

VOLUMINOUS CORRESPONDENCE.

It Shows That Our Consuls Encouraged the Insurgents in the Belief That Our Government Would Aid Them in Establishing Their Independence.

Washington, Jan. 6.—The peace treaty of Paris was transmitted to the senate at yesterday's executive session, with the following brief message from the president: "I transmit herewith, with a view to its ratification, a treaty of peace between the United States and Spain signed at the city of Paris on Dec. 10, 1898, together with the protocols and papers indicated in the list accompanying the report of the secretary of state." Accompanying the treaty, at the points of which have been already published, is a great mass of correspondence, making a printed volume of 675 pages. This includes among other things all of the credentials of the American commissioners to Paris and the protocols, which are the records of the daily proceedings of the commissioners that lead up to the final treaty of peace. There is also included all the correspondence that passed between the French embassy here and the department of state.

Included in this correspondence is a letter from M. Thiebaut, the French chargé, protesting against the continuance of the operations of the insurgents in the Philippines, which he assumed was with the knowledge and consent of the American commanders, and suggesting that the Spanish troops captured at Manila be sent to fight the Filipinos. To this Mr. Moore, acting secretary, replied on Sept. 5 that upon investigation he had found that most of the statements were groundless. There was a sort of suggestion from the French chargé to the effect that the families of the Spanish officers who were captured at Guam were suffering.

There is included all of the Philippine correspondence that passed between the department of state and the United States consuls at Manila, Hong Kong and Singapore. Consul Williams at Manila, before the actual outbreak of war, reported a series of most horrible outrages by the Spaniards upon the Filipinos. He declared that 5 per cent of the latter are loyal to Spain. He complains of being surrounded by spies everywhere, saying that even his consular office is not safe from them. Consul Williams, at Hong Kong on Nov. 2, telegraphed that General Aguinaldo was coming to Washington. He said: "He has power to make treaties with foreign governments, and has proposed an offensive and defensive alliance with the United States." Aguinaldo asked for arms to aid the rebellion. Acting Secretary Cridler, on Dec. 15, replied, telling Williams to advise Aguinaldo that the United States does not negotiate treaties, and it is not possible to forward arms. A long letter of date of July 18 from Consul Williams defends Aguinaldo as a man who has been systematically blackened. Says he: "According to his own statement, he has been approached by Spain and Germany, and has tempting offers from the Catholic church."

April 28 Consul Pratt telegraphed from Singapore: "Aguinaldo goes my instance Hong Kong arrange with Dewey co-operation insurgents Manila."

June 20 Secretary Day telegraphed Pratt: "Avoid any negotiations with Philippine insurgents."

Pratt replied that he had no intentions of negotiating. Says he: "Left that to Dewey, who desires Aguinaldo to come."

July 2 Pratt reported to the department that the sultan of the Sulu islands was negotiating at Singapore for the annexation of his island to British Borneo, which he said should be watched. All of the statements made by General Merritt before the American commission at Paris appear in the document. In substance he said that the insurgents would fight if the attempt was made to surrender Luzon to Spain. Spain could not produce the islands unaided. Asked whether the insurgents were capable of government he replied that it would take time; they would have to be educated up to it. Senator Jones asked if the United States would make to surrender Luzon to Spain. Spain could not produce the islands unaided. Asked whether the insurgents were capable of government he replied that it would take time; they would have to be educated up to it. Senator Jones asked if the United States would make to surrender Luzon to Spain. Spain could not produce the islands unaided. Asked whether the insurgents were capable of government he replied that it would take time; they would have to be educated up to it.

General Green's statement is also produced. He said there were 12,000 Spanish troops in the Philippines, including 400 officers, with 22,000 arms and 22,000 rounds of ammunition. He described Aguinaldo's character, and said much that would be required in dealing with Aguinaldo. In his opinion that chief did not command the support of a large body of Filipinos. Then it must be remembered that the insurgents were all Tagalos, only one of the 30 races in the Philippines. At the time he spoke none of the 2,000,000 Visayas, a people of equal abilities, had taken any part. He was asked what chance there would be for native government, to which he replied: "No native government can maintain itself without the active support of a strong foreign government."

A Clever Trick

It certainly looks like it, but there is really no trick about it. Anybody can try it who has lame back and weak kidneys, maras or nervous troubles. We mean he can cure himself right away by taking Electric Bitters. This medicine tones up the whole system, acts as a stimulant to the liver and kidneys, is a blood purifier and nerve tonic. It cures constipation, headache, fainting spells, sleeplessness and melancholy. It is purely vegetable, mild, invigorating, and restores the system to its natural vigor. Try Electric Bitters and be convinced that they are a miracle worker. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50c. a bottle at A. W. Waley's drug store.

An Alleged Secret Treaty. London, Jan. 6.—The Shanghai correspondent of The Daily Mail says: According to Chinese reports a secret treaty exists between Great Britain and the United States to prevent any further alienation of Chinese territory.

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must be cleaned often, else they become dangerous germ collectors. Hair brushes demand special attention from the standpoint of both health and cleanliness. They can be cleaned quickly and thoroughly by washing in a weak soda made from

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Gold Dust cleans everything quickly, cheaply, thoroughly, and saves both time and worry.

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EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the most effective should be used. If you want the best, get

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They are prompt, safe and certain to result. The genuine Dr. Peal's never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address FRANK MERRICK CO., Cleveland, O.

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SAPOLIO

will be of more than usual interest during 1899. Besides a series of articles on noteworthy subjects, it will contain a comprehensive political and narrative

HARPER'S MAGAZINE

HISTORY OF THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR

By HENRY CABOT LODGE, U. S. SENATOR who is eminently fitted for the task, not alone because of his ability as a writer of American history, but for the position he has held in our government.

There will also appear such articles as: Admiral Sampson's Fleet Battle of Manila Bay By LIEUT. A. R. STANTON, U. S. N. By LIEUT. J. M. ELLIOTT, U. S. N.

THEIR SILVER-WEDDING JOURNEY By William Dean Howells A serial story—appearing in this issue—characteristic of the charm that has endeared Mr. Howells to the reading public.

THE PRINCESS XENIA Spanish War Story By H. B. M. WATSON By JOHN FOX, JR. A serial story full of adventure and romance, and one that is being read with great interest.

UNDER AN APRIL SKY By BRADLEY MATTHEWS THE RENTED HOUSE By OCTAVE THORNTON THE LOVE OF PARSON LORD By MARY M. WILKINS

THE CENTURY'S PROGRESS IN SCIENCE By Henry Smith Williams, M.D. These papers will thoroughly review the work accomplished by scientists throughout the nineteenth century. Other series of papers to appear are:

White Man's Asia Republics of South America By JULIAN RALPH Subscription, \$4.00 a Year 25 Cents a Copy Address HARPER & BROTHERS, Publishers, New York, N. Y.

Are You Going to Florida? If you are, ask for tickets via the Southern Railway. It is the shortest, quickest and best route. Its service this season will surpass that of all preceding years. Write for further information to John M. Beall, District Passenger Agent, 825 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

You Try It. If Shiloh's Cough and Consumption Cure, which is sold for the small price of 25¢, 50¢ and \$1.00, does not cure take the bottle back and we will refund your money. Sold for over fifty years on this guarantee. Price 35¢, 50¢ and \$1.00. Sold by P. D. Kirkin and a guarantee.

THE PACIFIC COAST LIMITED VIA "THE TRUE SOUTHERN ROUTE." The "Pacific Coast Limited," the new California train will leave Chicago at 2:00 p. m., and St. Louis 10:30 p. m., every Tuesday and Saturday arriving at Los Angeles third day and at 4:00 p. m., and San Francisco fourth day noon, and will run via Chicago & Alton, St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern, Texas & Pacific, and Southern Pacific Railways.

This luxurious train consists of a composite car containing reading, writing, smoking, buffet, barber, bath and bathroom compartments and double drawing-rooms; twelve sleeping-cars with state and drawing-rooms, also, dining-car in which all meals will be served à la carte, and traverses a region of perpetual sunshine, where snow-blockades, blizzards or high altitudes are unknown. In addition to our weekly tourist car line via the scenic route, we will operate a weekly tourist car via "The True Southern Route," leaving Chicago every Tuesday and from St. Louis every Friday morning. For illustrated and descriptive literature, time-tables, very lowest rates of fare to all points west and southwest, address J. P. McCann, Travelling Passenger Agent, or W. E. Hopt, Gen'l Eastern Passenger Agent, 391 Broad way, New York.

Many a Lover Has turned with disgust from an otherwise lovely girl with an offensive breath. Karl's Clover Root Tea purifies the breath by its action on the bowels, etc., as nothing else will. Sold for years on absolute guarantee. Price 25¢ and 50¢. Sold by P. D. Kirkin and a guarantee.

Will You Winter in Florida? This will be the greatest season Florida has had for years. You ought to go and go via the Southern Railway. Its the best route. If you will write John M. Beall, District Passenger Agent, 825 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa., he will arrange all the details of your trip for you.

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THE FILIPINOS AROUSED.

President McKinley's Proclamation Made Public.

THEY THREATEN RESISTANCE.

Aguinaldo, It Is Reported, Has Gone to Hilo to Lead the Insurgents in Case of a Fight With the American Troops.

Manila, Jan. 6.—President McKinley's proclamation to the Filipinos, cable to Major General Otis from Washington, has been issued here. It is in substance as follows:

"The destruction of the Spanish fleet in the harbor of Manila by the United States naval squadron, commanded by Rear Admiral Dewey, followed by the reduction of the city and the surrender of the Spanish forces, practically effected the conquest of the Philippine Islands and the suspension of Spanish sovereignty therein.

"With the signature of the treaty of peace between the United States and Spain, and as the result of the victory of American arms, the future control, disposition and government of the Philippine Islands are ceded to the United States. In fulfillment of the rights of sovereignty thus acquired and the responsibilities of government thus assumed, the actual occupation and administration of the entire group of the Philippine Islands becomes immediately necessary, and the military government heretofore maintained by the United States in the city, harbor and bay of Manila is to be extended with all possible dispatch to the whole of the ceded territory.

"It will be the duty of the commander of the forces of occupation to announce and proclaim in the most public manner that we come not as invaders or conquerors, but as friends, to protect the natives in their homes, in their employments and in their personal and religious rights. All persons who, either by active aid or by honest submission, co-operate with the government of the United States to give effect to the provisions of the treaty, will receive the reward of its support and protection. All others will be brought within the lawful rule we have assumed, with firmness if need be, but without severity, so far as may be possible.

"Until the legislation of the United States shall otherwise provide, the municipal laws of the territory are to be considered as continuing in force, and to be administered by the ordinary tribunals so far as practicable. The operations of civil and municipal government are to be performed by such officers as may accept the supremacy of the United States by taking oath of allegiance, or by officers chosen as far as may be practicable from the inhabitants of the islands.

"The taxes and duties heretofore payable by the inhabitants to the late government become payable to the authorities of the United States, unless it be seen fit to substitute for them other reasonable rates or modes of contribution to the expenses of government. If private property be taken for military use it shall be paid for, when possible, in cash at a fair valuation, and when payment in cash is not practicable receipts are to be given.

"All ports and places in the Philippine Islands in the actual possession of the land and naval forces of the United States will be opened to the commerce of all friendly nations.

"It should be the earnest and paramount aim of the military administration to win the confidence, respect and affection of the inhabitants of the Philippines by assuring to them in every possible way that full measure of individual rights and liberties which is the heritage of free peoples, and by proving to them that the mission of the United States is one of benevolent assimilation, substituting the mild sway of justice and right for arbitrary rule."

In issuing the proclamation General Otis expresses the opinion that it is the intention of the American government, while directing affairs generally to appoint representative men, forming the controlling element, to civil positions. He also expresses himself as convinced that the United States government intends to seek the establishment in the islands of a most liberal government, in which the people will be as fully represented as the maintenance of law and order will permit. He also asserts his belief that the United States government intends, as far as consistent, to draw upon the Filipinos' military force in making the American appointments. Nothing is said in the proclamation regarding the disarmament of the rebels.

THE FILIPINOS WILL FIGHT.

Junta in Hong Kong Denounces Our Government's Attitude.

Hong Kong, Jan. 6.—Leading representatives of the Filipino Junta in Hong Kong, in the course of an interview with the press correspondents, declared that the serious crisis in the Philippines is due to what they designate as "over treatment of the Filipinos by the United States." They said that, despite the known fact that the whole of the Visayas group was in possession of the Filipino forces, General Otis was ordered to take possession of the entire archipelago and dispatch troops to Manila and to the other islands. The Filipinos, according to the junta representatives, are determined to prevent the landing of the Americans at Hilo, and may, as a last resort, destroy the city for strategic purposes.

The junta insists that a rupture of the friendly relations now existing between the "Filipino national government" and the American executive is imminent and that hostilities are probable unless what they characterize as the "unreasonable, unfair and overbearing policy of the Americans" is modified. They say the Filipinos "would deeply regret such a rupture, but would accept it as inevitable."

In concluding the interview the spokesman of the junta representatives said: "The Filipinos appeal to the American people to uphold the rights of mankind and to avoid bloodshed, assuring the American people of their complete and friendly settlement through an impartial commission of inquiry. The Filipinos loyally supported the Americans against the common enemy, and they now look to the American nation to fulfill the promises made to Aguinaldo at Singapore before he proceeded to assist Admiral Dewey. All the Filipinos ask is the trust and best rights of mankind."

AGUINALDO OFF FOR HILO.

To Lead Filipinos Should They Fight the Americans.

Paris, Jan. 6.—An official telegram received by the Filipino junta here, dated Manila, Jan. 4, says that Aguinaldo has gone to Hilo, at the request of the insurgents there, to place himself at their head, with the view of their possible fighting with the Americans.

The dispatch also gives a list of the members of the new Filipino cabinet.

with facts as to their antecedents. The following have definitely accepted office: President of the cabinet and minister of foreign affairs, Mabini, minister of the interior, Teodoro Sandico, a civil engineer, educated in England and Belgium and taken to Manila from Hong Kong by Rear Admiral Dewey; minister of war, General Baldomero Aguinaldo, a cousin of Aguinaldo; minister of finance, General Trias, a close ally of Aguinaldo; minister of public works, Gregorio Gonzales, a lawyer, until recently the Filipino agent at Hong Kong and formerly Spanish attorney-general in the Visayas.

A member of the Filipino junta here explains that Aguinaldo did not run away, but "left Manila for the mountainous region behind Cavite, in order to make secret arrangements for his voyage to Hilo." He also asserts if the Americans insist upon the occupation of the principal cities by the American troops the whole of the Filipinos will "resist by force of arms."

Impossible to foresee an accident. Not impossible to be prepared for it. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Monarch over pain.

CLAIMS "CYRANO DE BERGERAC."

Chicago, Jan. 6.—S. E. Gross, a prominent real estate dealer of this city, filed a bill in the United States circuit court yesterday asking for an injunction against A. M. Palmer, the manager, and Richard Mansfield, the actor, restraining them from producing the play "Cyrano de Bergerac." Mr. Gross claims that the play is stolen from a play written by him 20 years ago under the title of "Merchant Prince of Cornwall." He declares that some years ago he sent a copy of his play to Mansfield and Palmer, but never heard anything from them. Now Mr. Gross asserts they are producing a play founded upon his work.

Mrs. Moore Died Heart Broken.

London, Jan. 6.—Mrs. Bloomfield H. Moore, of Philadelphia, died at her London residence yesterday. She was 75 years of age and had been ill several months from heart disease. She had lived for the past 12 years in the most fashionable quarter of London, and is understood to have left a large fortune. Mrs. Moore was a staunch friend of the late John W. Keely, of Keely motor fame, and advanced him many thousands of dollars. Although the doctors give heart disease as the cause of death, her friends agree that Mrs. Moore really died of a broken heart, due to her grief over the death of Mr. Keely.

Kitchener the Real Ruler.

Calcutta, Jan. 6.—Viscount Cromer, British diplomatic agent in Egypt, and General Lord Kitchener, the sirdar, have held a reception of Soudanese sheikhs and notables at the sirdar's house at Omdurman. Lord Cromer, in the course of a long address to the sheikhs, said: "For the future you will be governed by the queen and khedive. The sole representative in the Sudan of the two governments will be the sirdar, in whom both the queen and the khedive have the fullest confidence. No attempt will be made to govern the country from Cairo, still less from London."

DR. PIERCE'S Favorite PRESCRIPTION

Makes weak women strong and sick women well.

Train with leave Shenandoah after the above date for Wigan, Gilberton, Frankville, Dark Water, St. Clair, Porterville, Hamburg, Reading, Pottsville, Phoenixville, Korkin, and Philadelphia (Broad street station) at 6:15 and 8:15 a. m., 2:10, 6:10 p. m. on week days, Sundays, 11:15 a. m., 8:20 p. m.

Trains leave Frankville for Shenandoah at 7:30, 11:45 a. m. and 5:45, 7:35 p. m. Sunday, 11:15 a. m., 8:20 p. m.

Leave Pottsville for Shenandoah (via Frankville) 7:30, 11:45 a. m., 5:45, 7:35 p. m. Sunday, 11:15 a. m., 8:20 p. m.

Leave Philadelphia, (Broad street station), for Shenandoah at 6:15 and 8:15 a. m., 2:10, 6:10 p. m. on week days, Sundays leave at 6:50 and 9:20 a. m. Leave Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, FOR NEW YORK.

Express, week-days, 8:30, 4:40, 5:50, 5:55, 10:50, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30 a. m., 12:00 noon, 12:55 (Limited) 1:00 and 4:25 p. m., 1:40, 2:40, 3:30, 4:02, 5:00, 5:56, 6:00, 7:02, 7:50, 10:00 p. m., 12:01, night Sunday, 8:30, 1:05, 4:55, 5:55, 10:50, 9:50, 10:21, 10:45 a. m., 12:02, 12:55, 1:30, 4:02, (Limited) 4:27, 5:30, 5:56, 6:05, 7:02, 7:50, 10:00 p. m.

Express for Boston without change, 11:00 a. m., week-days, and 7:50 p. m., daily.

For New City, Atlantic City, Ocean Grove, Long Branch, 8:20, 11:14 a. m., 9:30, 4:02 p. m. week-days.

For Lambertville, Easton and Scranton, 6:50, 9:00 a. m., 12:00 noon, 3:32, 5:05 (Lambertville and Easton only), week-days, and 7:02 p. m. daily. Sundays, 9:00 a. m., 12:00 noon, week-days, and 7:32 p. m. daily.

For Baltimore and Washington, 8:30, 7:30, 8:32, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:51, 1:12, 3:12, 4:41, 4:58 Congress (Limited) 6:17, 6:40, 8:05, 9:21 p. m., and 12:00 night week days, Sundays, 9:30, 7:30, 9:12, 11:23 a. m., 12:00, 12:41, 4:50 Congress (Limited) 6:17, 6:40, 8:05, 9:21 p. m.

For Baltimore, accommodation, 9:12 a. m., 1:50 and 4:02 p. m. week days, 5:00 and 10:30 p. m. daily. Atlantic Coast Line, express—12:05 p. m., and 12:35 night daily.

Southern Railway, express—6:55 p. m. daily. Chesapeake & Ohio Railway, 7:31 p. m. daily. For Old Point Comfort and Norfolk, 10:25 a. m. week-days, 11:30 p. m. daily.

Leave Market street wharf for Norfolk: Eastern for New York 9:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m. week-days. For Long Branch, via Seaside Park, 8:30 a. m. week days.

For Island Heights, 8:30 a. m. and 4:00 p. m. week-days.

FOR ATLANTIC CITY. Leave Broad street station via Delaware river bridge—Express, 9:40 a. m., 7:00 p. m. Sunday, 9:20 a. m., 7:05 p. m.

Leave Market Street Wharf—Express, 9:00 a. m., 2:00, 4:00, 5:00 p. m. Sunday, 9:00, 10:00 a. m. (accommodation) 11:00 p. m.

For Cape May, Sea Isle City, Ocean City, Avalon Stone Harbor, Angelsea, Wildwood and Holly Beach, 9:00 a. m., 1:00, 4:00, 4:30 p. m. week days, Sunday 9:0